AFFCO NEW ZEALAND - RANGIURU

Kaituna River Fish Survey Report

Te Puke, Bay of Plenty

FINAL

Prepared for AFFCO New Zealand Limited

March 2019





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Te Puke, Bay of Plenty

Prepared for



By

argoenvironmental

March 2019

argoenvironmental

DOCUMENT REVISION SCHEDULE

Revision Status / Number	Revision Date	Description of Revision	Approved By
Rev0	February 2019	Final Draft	Luke Gowing (Director)
Rev1	March 2019	Final	Luke Gowing (Director)

Statement of Limitations

This report is not to be used for purposes other than those for which it was intended.

This document has been prepared based on site observations, assessments and data collection undertaken by Argo Environmental Ltd and the information provided by the Client regarding the activities associated with the proposed Project.

Environmental conditions change with time. Argo Environmental Ltd do not imply that the site conditions described in this report are representative of past or future conditions.

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Where this report is to be made available, either in part or in its entirety, to a third party, Argo Environmental Ltd reserve the right to review the information and documentation contained in the report and revisit and update findings, conclusions and recommendations.

ARGO ENVIRONMENTAL LIMITED

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AFFCO New Zealand Limited operates a meat processing facility at Rangiuru in the Bay of Plenty. The facility discharges treated wastewater to the Kaituna River. AFFCO holds a consent relating to the wastewater discharge pursuant to Consent 02 4932 which is currently undergoing renewal.

The current investigations, conducted on 14-15 December 2018, were undertaken at the request of the Bay of Plenty Regional Council to enable a better understanding of the potential effects of the discharge on fish within the Kaituna River.

The key findings are as follows:

- A total of six species of fish were identified during the current survey including five native and species and one introduced species.
- Inanga and longfin eels are the most common fish species found across all sites sampled.
- A similar range of species has been observed in previous studies of the Kaituna River and associated tributaries.

The index of biotic integrity (Fish IBI) indicates the majority of sites have 'very good' or 'excellent' habitat quality or connectivity for fish migrations.

Due to the lack of any observable differences in the type of species present and their abundances between sites located upstream and downstream of AFFCOs wastewater discharge to the Kaituna River, it is concluded that the discharge from the is having no more than minor effect on fish communities within the River.

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1. Introduction

AFFCO New Zealand Limited operates a meat processing facility at Rangiuru in the Bay of Plenty. The facility discharges treated wastewater to the Kaituna River. AFFCO holds a consent relating to the wastewater discharge pursuant to Consent 02 4932 which is currently undergoing renewal.

The current investigations, conducted on 14-15 December 2018, were undertaken at the request of the Bay of Plenty Regional Council to enable a better understanding of the potential effects of the discharge on fish within the Kaituna River.

2. Methodology

2.1 Site locations

Eight sites were sampled in the Kaituna River and tributaries. Sampling site locations are detailed in Table 2-1 and shown in Figure 2-1. Site photographs are presented in Appendix A.

Site		Location (Coordinates	Survey Method					
No.	Site Description	Easting	Northing	G-Minnow	Fyke	Electro- fishing			
1	Tributary of the Kaituna River near Paengaroa	446113.69 m E	5813463.56 m S	2	1	\checkmark			
2	Kaituna River upstream of discharge	445377.49 m E	5816532.16 m S	3	2	-			
3	Kaituna River downstream of discharge	444622.19 m E	5817126.26 m S	3	2	-			
4	Pakipaki Stream tributary	444687.16 m E	5815756.41 m S	2	1	-			
5	Farm drain, tributary of Kaituna River	445376.50 m E	5816239.97 m S	3	-	-			
6	Parawhenua Stream	443884.76 m E	5816588.69 m S	2	1	-			
7	Pakipaki Stream	444627.16 m E	5816386.60 m S	3	-	-			
8	Parawhenua Stream	443861.22 m E	5816381.41 m S	1	-	-			

The survey adopted methodology outlined in the New Zealand freshwater fish sampling protocols (Joy *et al.* 2013)¹. Survey field sheets are provided in Appendix B.

¹ Joy, M. J., David, B. & Lake, M. 2013. New Zealand freshwater fish sampling protocols. Part 1: Wadeable Rivers & Streams.

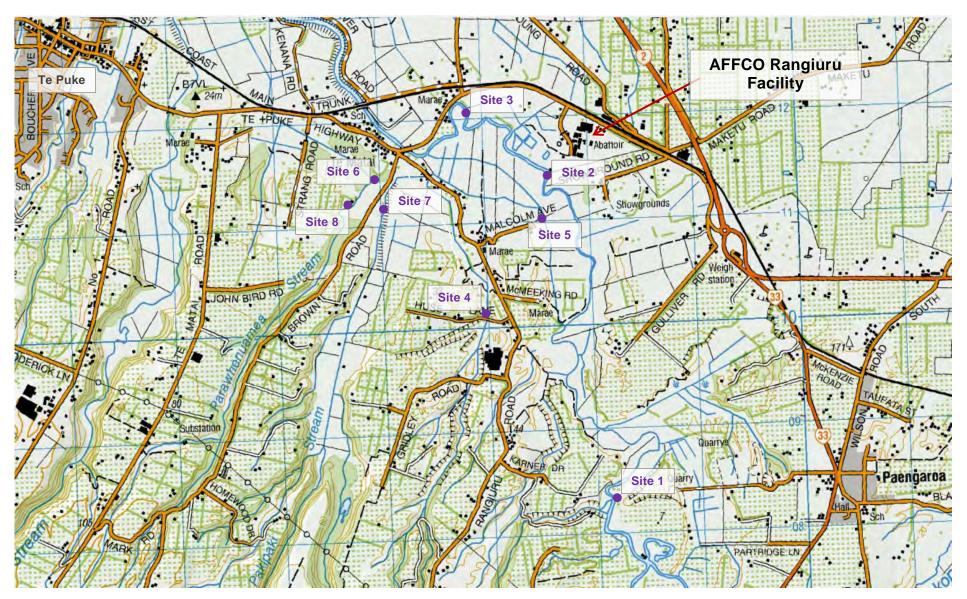


Figure 2-1: Location of fish sampling sites

2.2 Sampling

To sample fish communities, G-minnow traps, baited with Marmite, and fyke nets were deployed overnight at each site the number of nets deployed depending in the nature and extent of habitat available. Electric fishing was able to be undertaken at only one site (Site 1) as often water depth, soft sediments and swift stream flows prevented the possibility of effective electric fishing at the other sites.

All fish captured were identified, counted and their size estimated before being returned to their habitats. A Quantile Index of Biotic Integrity (QIBI) was calculated for each site based on fish species present, altitude and distance inland (Joy and Henderson, 2007²; Surin 2016³).

3. Results

3.1 Background data

An inventory of fish resources in the Kaituna River⁴ was undertaken in 2005 using information from NIWA's Freshwater fish database, unpublished reports, Department of Conservation records, Mighty River Power records and surveys undertaken by NIWA.

Findings of that report are summarised as follows:

"The Kaituna River has two distinct sections, each representing very different fish habitats. The upper section has high flow velocities and runs for over 27 km from Okere Falls through a deep gorge. The lower section is broader and slower flowing and meanders through flat country until reaching the sea at Maketu. As a result the fish populations in the two river sections are quite distinct".

Table 3-1 presents a summary of the fish data for the upper River. The key points to note are as follows:

- A total of ten species of fish have been identified in the upper section of the Kaituna River.
- Longfin eels are the most abundant fish species.
- The scarcity of shortfin eels may reflect a lack of habitat rather than a lack of migratory ability.
- No banded kokopu are present in Lakes Rotoiti or Rotorua, but sparse populations of koaro are present in some Lake Rotoiti tributaries. The Banded kokopu must therefore have migrated from the sea, but koaro could be recruits from either the lakes or the sea.
- No indigenous fish were found in a survey of eight tributary streams located between the upstream limit of the gorge and Okere Falls

Table 3-1 also presents a summary of the fish data for the lower River.

² Joy, M., Henderson, I. (2007). A New Fish Indices of Biotic Integrity using Quantile Regressions: the Fish QIBI for the Waikato Region. Prepared for Environment Waikato. 18 p.

³ Surin, A. (2016) Development of a Fish Index of Biotic Integrity for the Bay of Plenty. Bay of Plenty Regional Council, Environmental Publication 2016/11.

⁴ Boubee, J, Baker, C. 2005. Kaituna River fish inventory. Report prepared for Environment Bay of Plenty. NIWA client report. HAM 2005-047. April 2005.

Turne	Coloralifia Norma	Common Nono	Percentage Occurrence					
Туре	Scientific Name	Common Name	Upper Section	Lower Section				
	Anguilla australis*	Shortfin eel	8.3	41.3				
	Anguilla dieffenbachii*	Longfin eel	45.8	45.0				
	Arripis trutta	Kawawai	-	1.3				
	Cheimarrichthys fosteri*	Torrentfish	4.1	3.4				
	Galaxias argenteus*	Giant kokopu	-	5.0				
	Galaxias brevipinnis*	Koaro	4.2	3.4				
	Galaxias fasciatus*	Banded kokopu	4.2	6.3				
Indigenous Species	Galaxias maculatus*	Inanga	-	23.8				
	Geotria australis*	Lamprey		3.4				
	Gobiomorphus cotidianus*	Common bully	30.3	26.3				
	Gobiomorphus gobioides*	Giant bully	-	10.0				
	Gobiomorphus huttoni*	Redfin bully	-	17.5				
	Rhombosolea retiaria	Black flounder	-	1.3				
	Retropinna retropinna*	Common smelt	8.3	27.5				
	Mugilidae	Mullet	-	6.3				
	Carassius auratus	Goldfish	4.2	2.5				
Introduced	Gambusia affinis	Mosquitofish	-	15.0				
Species	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Rainbow trout	20.8	13.8				
	Salmo trutta	Brown trout	4.2	3.8				

Table 3-1: Indigenous and introduced fish species present in the upper and lower Kaituna River catchment and % occurrence in all available records.

Notes: * = diadromous species although landlocked populations of koaro, common bully and smelt are also present in the headwater lakes.

The key points to note are as follows:

- The lower Kaituna River has a wider range of habitats and supports 19 fish species; 15 indigenous and four introduced. The diversity is considered to be similar to that found in neighbouring Bay of Plenty rivers.
- All indigenous fish are diadromous with seven of the 15 species only present in the lower section of the river.
- Common bully and smelt form significant diadromous populations in the lower river, with the upper river populations comprised mainly of downstream migrants from lacustrine stocks.

- Longfin and shortfin eels are the most frequently recorded fish species, found at 86 % of all sampled sites within the lower river.
- Additional field surveys undertaken by NIWA did not locate any new fish species, but expanded the distribution of Inanga, which were found in the mainstem as far up as The Rapids.

Recent investigations of Waiari Stream, a tributary of the Kaituna River downstream of the AFFCO Rangiuru discharge undertaken in relating to the reconsenting of the Te Puke WWTP discharge⁵ indicates a similar, if not limited, range of fish species are present (refer Table 3-2).

Scientific Name	Common Name
Anguilla dieffenbachii	Longfin eel
Galaxias argenteus	Giant kokopu
Gobiomorphus cotidianus	Common bully
Gobiomorphus huttoni	Redfin bully
Retropinna retropinna	Common smelt
Mugil cephalus	Mullet

Table 3-2: Fish captured during 2017 sampling of the Waiari Stream

3.2 Current Survey

Table 3-3 presents a summary of the fish data recorded during the December 2018 fish survey, which was undertaken in the upper Kaituna River (as described by Boubee & Baker, 2005). The key points to note are as follows:

- A total of six species of fish were identified during the current survey including five native and species and 1 introduced species (the mosquito fish *Gambusia affinis*).
- Inanga *Galaxias maculatus* and longfin eels *Anguilla dieffenbachii* are the most common fish species found across all sites sampled.
- The least common fish species identified include short-finned eel Anguilla australis, common smelt *Retropinna retropinna* and mosquito fish.

Large numbers of inanga were observed schooling along the edges of the macrophyte beds at Site 2 and 3 in the Kaituna River. During previous River sampling exercises brown trout *Salmo trutta* have been observed downstream of the discharge.

A similar range of species has been observed in previous studies of the Kaituna River and associated tributaries.

⁵ Waiari Water Treatment Plant: Wairi Stream baseline monitoring report 2017. Report prepared for Tauranga City Council 3 Waters. March 2017.

The index of biotic integrity (Fish IBI) indicates the majority of sites have 'very good' or 'excellent' habitat quality or connectivity for fish migrations. One site (Site 5, a farm drain) had a Fish IBI indicating 'very poor' conditions due to the lack of fish present.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Site										
Scientific Name	Common Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Anguilla dieffenbachii	Longfin eel	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	-			
Anguilla australis	Short-finned eel	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-			
Galaxias maculatus	Inanga	3	1	17	4	-	50	12	40			
Gobiomorphus cotidianus	-	8	4	-	-	1	-	-				
Retropinna retropinna	Common smelt	-	-	-	-	-		-	5			
Gambusia affinis	Mosquito fish	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
TOTAL AE	8	11	23	5	-	52	13	45				
Fis	h IBI	36	44	36	32	14	32	32	26			

4. Conclusion

This survey has not identified any observable differences in the type of species present and their abundances between sites located upstream and downstream of AFFCOs wastewater discharge to the Kaituna River, and does not indicate that the discharge is having an adverse effect on fish communities within the River.

Appendix A Site photographs (December 2018)



Plate 1: Site 1 (upstream)



Plate 3: Site 2



Plate 5: Site 4



Plate 2: Site 1 (downstream)



Plate 4: Site 3



Plate 6: Site 5

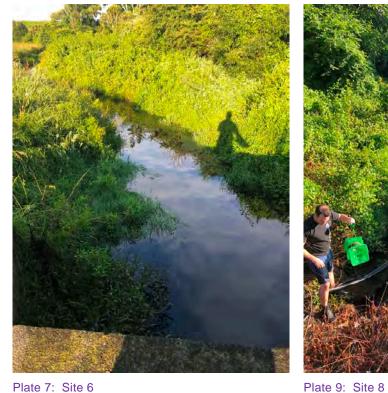




Plate 7: Site 6



Plate 8: Site 7

Appendix B Field Sheets

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easurement., F1,F2, etc. =			Comment									C D	ntwatts)	Gretting net	Total shock (button) time (min)	Lat/ Long(GPS top) : 17	at/ ong(GPS bottom):	LECTROFIS
flags assigned by each fi												Subreach Tally	Pulse Rate (pps or Hz)	net type for the	Fishing time	37046 46.31"	Lat/ Long(GPS bottom): 176° 11/45.16"	HING & SPOT
eld crew. Explain all flags			Flag									9	Ē	net No గ్రామ	g start	not fished		LIGHTING) -
in commentx. LENGTH*												I I	EFM Pulse Width (ms)	2-	finish L	none collected	site 10 Site 6 - arawherne	Wadeable St
<ul> <li>Enter single fish as mir</li> </ul>										<i>w</i>		2	Ļ	Water visibility	-	fished all 10 subreaches	sherne AI	reams/Rivers
imum.			Comment							50		Count count c		O average Ma O poor ter	Sample distance (m)_	fished 5-9 subreaches	Date 15 / 1	
			<b>R</b>						15	E	40	count Minimum Maximum		Water (°C)		fished <5 subreaches	5121213	<b>Reviewed by (Initials)</b>
									-	25		ninum (Maxinum) count	mg/L	Cond (uS)	Area Fished (m ² )	flag for fished/r	Page of	by (Initial <u>s)</u>
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Flag codes: K = No m			Flag					c	Inana.	Uffeel	Common Name	EFM Volts (x100)	Sampling gear	Fish sample ID		Team members:	FISH COLL
leasurement made, U =		:							====		A		⊖ spotlight ⊖			UG 10G.	ECTION FO
Flag codes: K = No measurement made, U = Suspect measurement, F1,F2, etc. = flags assigned by each field crew. Explain all flags in comments. LENGTH* - Enter single fish as minimum.			Comment								B	Spotlightwatts) -		Total shock (button) time (min)	Lat/ Long(GPS	Lat/ Long(GPS	FISH COLLECTION FORM (ELECTROFISHING & SPOTLIGHTING) - Wadeable Streams/Rivers
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rew. Explain all flags i			Flag								<b>G</b>	EFA	net No.	start	onot fished other	Site ID Sta	SHTING) - \
n commentx. LENGTH											н	EFM Pulse Width (ms)		finish_	none collected	Site ID Ste 7 - Palinahi	Nadeable S
* - Enter single fish as											J	L	Water visibility		ed O subreaches	ahi Grean.	treams/Rive
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										6	Minimum Maximum count	DO	Cond (uS)	Area Fished (m ² )	fished <5 subreaches	19 Page -	Reviewed by (Initials)
												27) 27		1 (m ² )	flag for fished/not fished	1 of 1	als) U
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Flag codes: K = No measurement made, U = Suspect measurement, F1,F2, etc. = flags assigned by each field crew. Explain all flags in commentx. LENGTH* - Enter										Common swelt	Inanpa.	Common Name	EFM Volts (x100)	-	Fish sample ID		Team members:	FISH COLLECTION FORM (ELECTROFISHING & SPOTLIGHTING) - Wadeable Streams/Rivers
asurement made, U = S										Ę	たき きき	A		⊖ spotlight ⊖ EFM			64,24	CTION FOF
Suspect measurement.,			Comment								<b>军</b> 军	B	Spotlightwatts) 🖵	FM Q netting	Total shock (button) time (min)	Lat/ Long(GPS top) : _	- Lat/ Long(GPS t	RM (ELECTF
F1,F2, etc. = flags as:												S S		net type net type	(min)	:op) :	Lat/ Long(GPS bottom): 176° 21'32.83°	ROFISHING
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ew. Explain all flags in			Fag									G	EFM	Dnet No	start	other	site ID Ste	ihting) – V
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			Same States		_							m Maximum	0 mg/L	Cond (uS)	Area Fished (m ² )	ches	Page	Reviewed by (Initials)
										 		count Flag	- <u> </u>		n²)	flag for fished/not fished	L of	<u>s) (4.</u>

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